



# THE SJP

## OPENS THE CASE 09

CRIMES WITH PROHIBITION ON AMNESTY COMMITTED AGAINST ETHNIC PEOPLE AND TERRITORIES DURING ARMED CONFLICT

THIS CASE WILL FOCUS IN

### Investigating, judging and sanctioning

serious facts committed against people with ethnic belonging, collective rights subjects or against ethnic territories which aren't being investigated in other cases opened by the SJP.





## VICTIMS



A previous report made by the SJP's Analysis of Information Group identified a provisional universe of:



**1.350.181**

**victims**  
with ethnic belonging

### The case mainly takes into account:

- Indigenous people
- Black, Afrocolombian, Raizal and Palenque populations
- Rrom people (gypsy)

### The most frequent victimizing facts against ethnic people and territories are:

- 1.** Enforced Displacement
- 2.** Murder
- 3.** Enforced Disappearance



FOR THE OPENING OF THIS CASE  
the SJP's Acknowledgment Chamber considered



For ethnic populations its territory is a source of life, of existence, and identity. When it's destroyed and its breath is violated, the life and existence of future generations gets debilitated.



The Black, Afrocolombian, Raizal and Palenque populations were the most affected by the crimes of enforced displacement and sexual violence.



In total, between 1964 and 2016, there were 14.261 victims of sexual violence among people of ethnic belonging.



The Chamber holds in a phase of concentration 4 territories in which it has identified 375.967 victims, of which 190.607 are from Buenaventura, Dagua and Pacífico Medio; 89.994 are from Sierra Nevada of Santa Marta and other adjacent zones; 33.540 belong to Amazonia and Orinoquia; and 61.826 belong to Chocó, and the region near the Medio Atrato.



## CRIMINAL PATTERNS THAT THE CASE 09 WILL INVESTIGATE

1. Conducts with prohibition on amnesty committed by Farc-EP against the self-determination and the physical, cultural and spiritual existence of ethnic people and their territories as part of an exercise of social and territorial control.
2. Conducts with prohibition on amnesty committed by members of Public Force or other State Agents, in alliance with third party civilians or paramilitaries, directed to suppress fundamental individual, collective and territorial rights of ethnic people and territories as part of an exercise of territorial control and the radicalization of the fight against insurgency.
3. Conducts with prohibition on amnesty committed by members of Public Force and Farc-EP against the physical, cultural, spiritual and territorial integrity of ethnic people and their territories during hostilities.

### Principal actors associated to this case are:

- Extinct Farc-EP
- Members of Public Force
- Other State Agents
- Third Party Civilians